Decarbonising Aviation & role of policy

Jonathan Wood, VP Renewable Aviation Low Carbon Biofuels Forum Jan 2024



Driven by our purpose Neste is a global leader in circular & renewable solutions for 3 markets - Aviation, Road Transportation and Polymers & Chemicals

We are

#1

Producer of Sustainable Aviation Fuel & Renewable Diesel with production capacity increasing from 3.2mt to 5.5mt in 2023 In 2022, our customers reduced

>11 Mt

greenhouse gas emissions with our renewable products

Our **innovation & engineering** teams, makes out

25%

of Neste's total workforce



Neste transformation

From a regional oil refiner to becoming a global leader in renewable and circular solutions.

Reaching carbon neutral production by 2035 **Helping our** customers reduce 2040 their GHG emissions by up to 20 Mt 2035 annually **Reducing the use** phase emission 2030 intensity of sold products by 50% compared to 2020 2025 levels, and reducing Processing more than 1 emissions across our Million tons of waste value chain plastics annually from 2030 onwards

Experimenting to develop 100% renewable diesel

Driving low-sulphur & lead-free fuel development 1996 1970s & 80s 1948

> Neste is founded to secure Finland's oil supply

2000s

2007-2011 – Investing in renewable diesel production in Porvoo (FI), Singapore and Rotterdam (NL)

Committing to support

carbon neutral growth

2020

in aviation



3

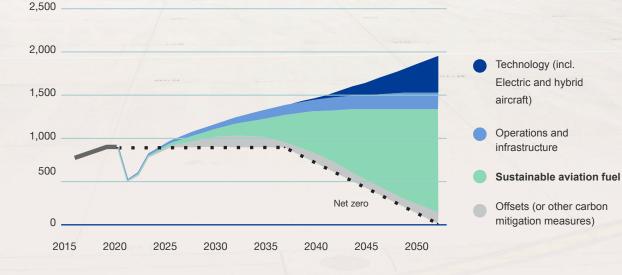
NESTE



Aviation has committed to achieving net-zero emissions by 2050

- Aviation accounts for 2-3 % of global carbon emissions growing to >20% by 2050 if no action taken
- In addition, non-CO₂ effects, like contrails, have approximately 2 times higher climate impact than CO₂ emissions alone
- Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF) identified as one of the key elements in helping achieve these goals
- Despite the pandemic and geopolitical challenges, the outlook for SAF is increasingly clear

Aviation relies on Sustainable Aviation Fuel, and other pathways, to achieve its 2050 targets



Aviation CO, emissions trajectory and reductions by measure (Mt CO,e)

NESTE

WORLD

FORUM

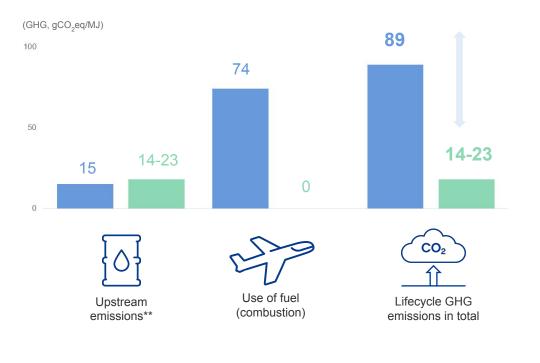
"Together we can put the global

aviation sector on the path to net-zero emissions by 2050 by

accelerating the supply and use of SAF technologies to reach

10% of global jet aviation fuel supply by 2030"

SAF can reduce the GHG emissions up to 80%* over the lifecycle compared to fossil jet fuel



NESTE MY

Sustainable Aviation Fuel

Made from

100%

waste and residues, such as used cooking oil

Drop-in solution requiring

zero

additional investment in infrastructure

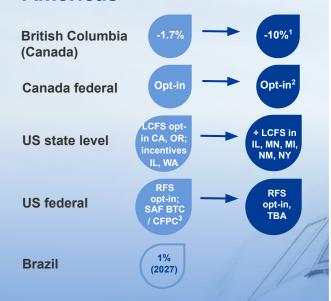
available today



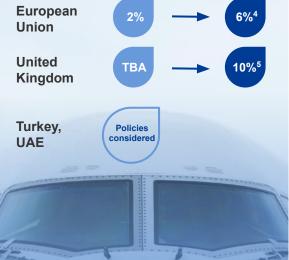
Neste MY SAF from waste and residues



SAF mandates and other policy frameworks are being established across the globe to create demand certainty for investments **Americas**



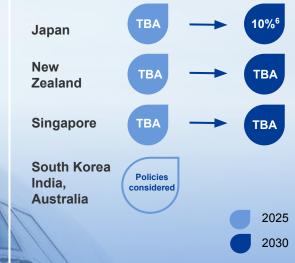
EMEA



- Market growth in the US driven by a mix of federal and state level incentives (opt-ins and tax credits)
- British Columbia plans to implement an aviation specific emission reduction target
- First LatAm SAF mandate expected for Brazil

- SAF mandates in place (NOR, SWE, FRA) to be superseded by an EU-wide SAF mandate in 2025
- UK plans to follow similar timeline
- Policy discussion starting in the Middle East

Asia Pacific



- Frontrunner countries such as Japan and New Zealand setting comparable targets and timelines for SAF adoption as Western peers
- SAF policy discussion spreading to an increasing number of countries

a CFPC (Clean Fuel Production Credit) in 2025; 4) Agreement on ReFuelEU Aviation with 2030 level of 6% including 1.2% RFNBO sub-mandate; 5) UK Net Zero Strategy; 6) METI proposal on May 26, 2023.



Accelerating SAF market growth is driven by regulations, complemented with voluntary demand

Global SAF market demand outlook¹ (Mt/a)

- European and N American opt-in incentives

2023

- Voluntary demand from airlines and corporates
- First mandates for SAF (FR, NO, SE)

 ReFuelEU & UK SAF mandate implementation

2025

- Opt-in incentive & tax credit driven growth in N America
- First SAF mandates in APAC?

Long-term drivers:

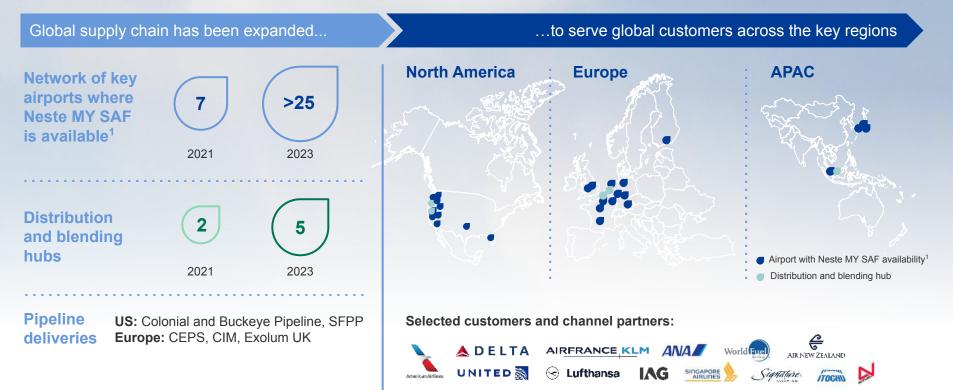
- IATA target of net-zero by 2050
- ICAO Long Term Aspirational Goal of net zero by 2050
- 70% SAF mandate under **ReFuelEU** in 2050
- ReFuelEU and UK SAF mandate ramp-up
- US Sustainable Aviation Fuel Grand Challenge translated to policies
- Global SAF policy ramp-up (APAC, Middle East, LatAm)

bv 2030

 Additional incentives and voluntary demand beyond mandates



SAF availability - Neste global supply chain and channel partners enable growth and serving diverse customer segments



1) Including airports with over 1 million passengers where branded Neste MY Sustainable Aviation Fuel is available to airline customers, either directly from Neste or via a channel partner; Neste MY SAF is also available at several smaller and general aviation airports.

NESTE

The growth path of sustainable aviation fuels is based on continuously expanding raw material base

Current



Used cooking oil Waste oil from food cooking



Residues from vegetable oil processing



Technical corn oil Residue from ethanol production

Animal fat

Food industry waste



Fish fat Fish processing waste Near future 5 - 10 years



Lignocellulosic



Future > 10 years

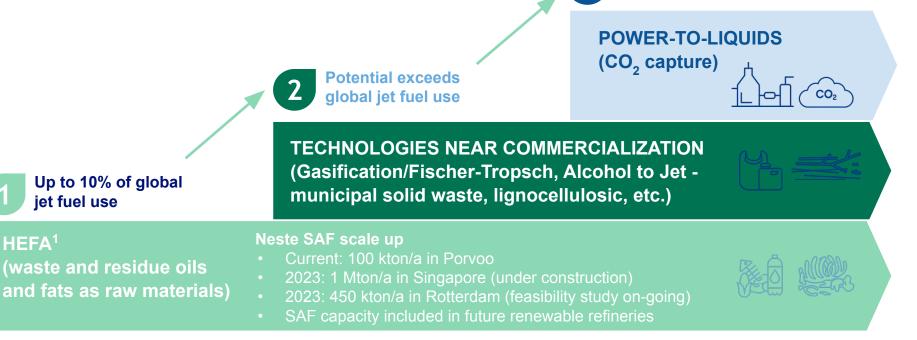


Algae



Power-to-X

Realization of full potential will requires scale up of new technologies (3-stage roadmap)



Source: Neste estimates ¹ HEFA = Hydroprocessed Esters and Fatty Acids

HEFA¹

11

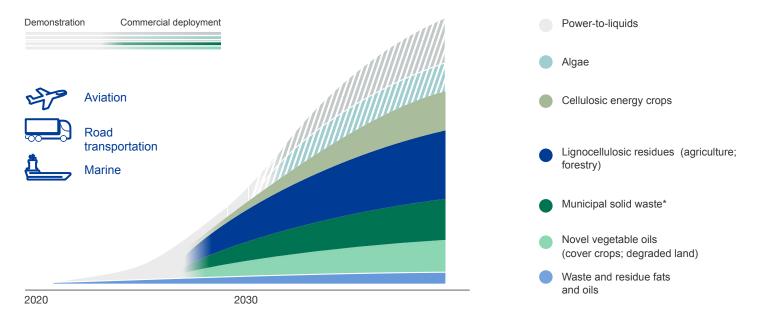
DESTE

Technical potential

"unlimited"

Unlocking new raw material pools with innovation to accelerate emission reductions in transportation

Global raw material potential for renewable fuels (Mtoe)



Source: Neste analysis based on WEF Clean Skies for Tomorrow and other sources. Biomass potential converted to fuel potential, using around 85% conversion efficiency (weight-based) for fats and oils and novel vegetable oils; around 25% efficiency for lignocellulosic biomass and municipal solid waste.

*80% organic waste, with 20% non-reusable, non-separable plastic waste



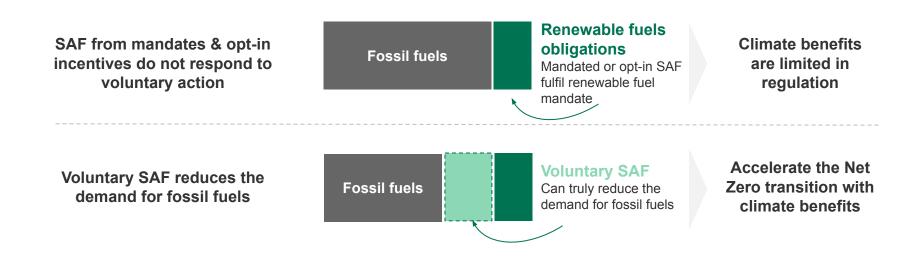
Refuel EU Aviation - main points

- Scope: Fuel suppliers, aircraft operators & EU airports
- Gradually increasing SAF & synthetic aviation fuel supply obligation for aviation fuel suppliers as of 2025
- Flexibility to fulfil SAF supply obligation at any EU airport for first 10 years* (no book & claim yet)
- Non-tankering obligation for aircraft operators (90% of total yearly aviation fuel required)
- No national SAF mandates allowed alongside ReFuelEU
- Revenues from fines should be earmarked from the national budgets to boost SAF production and deployment
- EC to review operation of Regulation by 2027, then every 4 years

* Contribution to minimum share of SAF as a weighted average over all the aviation fuel supplied across Union airports for that reporting period. As of 2035, minimum share required at every Union airport



Voluntary demand can generate additional demand for SAF in addition to supply mandate policies







Together with industry bodies, we are shaping the market & its evolving standards

Standards emerging for reporting emission reduction

- SBTi developing guidelines for setting targets
- First aviation guidance published in 2021
- SAF is a Scope 3 emission reduction



Movements towards a standardized market

- Coalitions (eg WEF Clean Skies for Tomorrow) aim to create a tradable SAF market
- Enable corporates to report emission reductions and accelerate the uptake of SAF



The key levers to drive emission reductions in aviation

Policy support

SAF mandates are the main policy tool to push for sectoral impact on emission reductions

Voluntary markets

can accelerate SAF uptake and help companies meet their climate targets

Innovation and production

ramping-up production and innovating new production pathways and raw materials